Dr Llucia Mascorda-Cabre

Dr P. Hosegood, Prof M. Attrill &

Dr Emma Sheehan

University of Plymouth

aMER – applied Marine Ecosystems Research

AQUACULTURE FOR A THRIVING FUTURE: BIODIVERSITY, INNOVATION, AND ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY IN THE UK - THE FISHMONGER'S COMPANY



Ecological impacts of farming mussels offshore: The Lyme Bay case study



Study site

•UK's first large scale offshore mussel farm

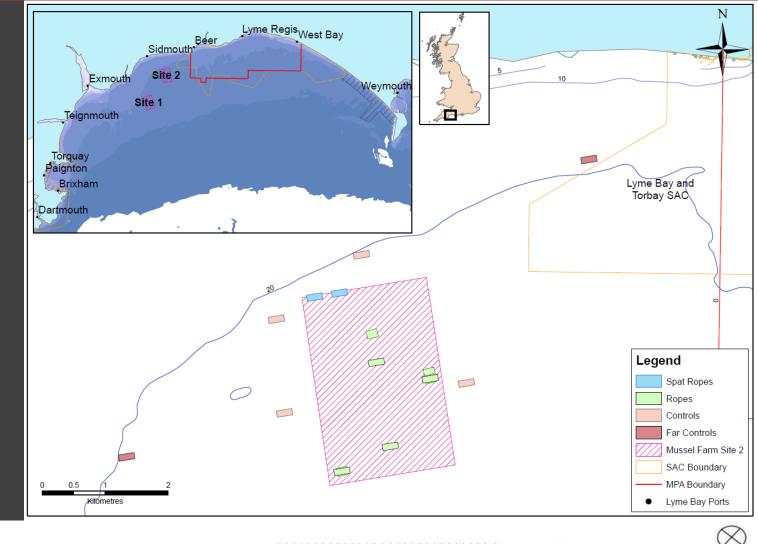
•Two developed sites (10km²)

•Located on heavily trawled ground

•150m longline headlines

•10m rope droppers

•Buoys keep the structure floating





Long-term research study

- To assess the overall footprint of the farm
 - Hydrodynamic changes
 - Sediment transport & plankton depletion
 - Functional change of benthic & pelagic species (commercially targeted)
- Before After Control Impact (BACI) design
 - Baseline 2013/2014 (degraded)
 - PhD#1 2015/2017 (Site 1 and 2)
 - PhD#2 2018/2020 (Site 2)







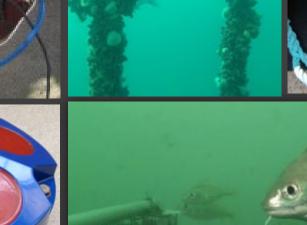




Survey techniques









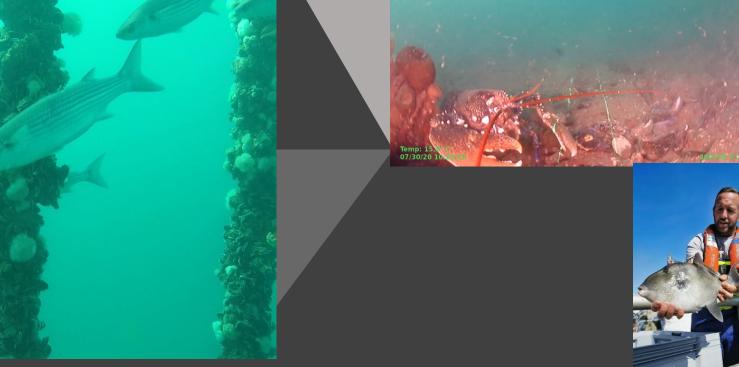


Opt: 21.6m Hdg: 311.7*[114.1*]









RESULTS

090813_7

REVIEWS IN Aquaculture

Reviews in Aquaculture, 1–24

doi: 10.1111/raq.12549

Offshore longline mussel farms: a review of oceanographic and ecological interactions to inform future research needs, policy and management

Llucia Mascorda Cabre 向, Phil Hosegood, Martin J. Attrill, Danielle Bridger and Emma V. Sheehan

School of Biological and Marine Sciences, Faculty of Science and Engineering, University of Plymouth, Plymouth, UK

09/08/2013 14:18:05

Highly hydrodynamic offshore conditions



Pelagic communities



Biogenic reef development

Temp: 15.8° C 07/30/20 10:30:20



löpt:: 24.0m Hdg: 90.0° [90.7°]

Benthic communities

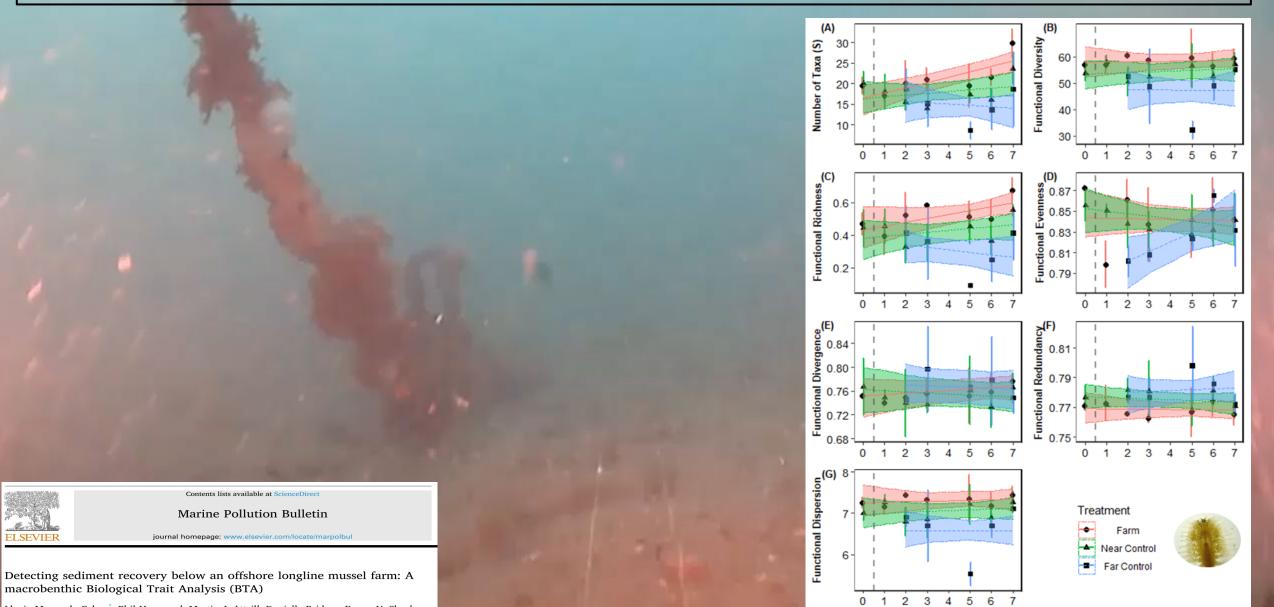


300720_G16_01rope

Dpt: 23.9m Hdg: 282.1° [281.7°]

Infauna communities





Llucia Mascorda-Cabre^{*}, Phil Hosegood, Martin J. Attrill, Danielle Bridger, Emma V. Sheehan School of Biological and Marine Sciences, Faculty of Science and Engineering, University of Plymouth, Plymouth, UK

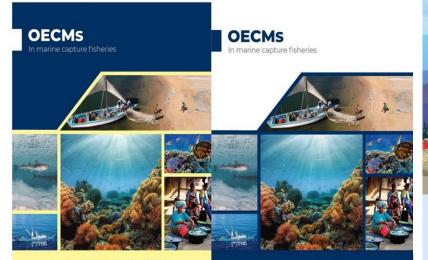
- Offshore aquaculture as *de facto* MPA
 - Exclusion of fishing activities (mobile gear)
 - Restoration & habitat recovery
 - FAD, nursery, refuge and shelter
 - Boost biodiversity Spillover effect
 - Sustainable sources of protein

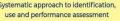
Aquaculture & Conservation



UK > UK politics Education Media

More





cation, Brief fo

Brief for policy-makers and managers

Conservation & Sustainable development

Offshore aquaculture as *de facto* MPAs



International conservation targets –

Aichi Target 11 & 6, SDGs 14 & 2

- Blue Economy's role offshore aquaculture
- Offshore aquaculture as *de facto* MPA
- Conservation achieved as a by-product of other management - OECM



The age of extinction A happy food chain: can mussel farming restore the UK's damaged coastline?



2 ZERO HUNGER

14 LIFE BELOW WATER



OECMs – Lyme Bay Offshore Mussel farm: as a case study

OTHER EFFECTIVE AREA-BASED CONSERVATION MEASURES

 As defined by the 14th Conference of Parties of the Convention on Biological Diversity in 2018:

"A geographically defined area other than a Protected Area, which is governed and managed in ways that achieve positive and sustained long-term outcomes for the in-situ conservation of biodiversity, with associated ecosystem functions and services and where applicable, cultural, spiritual, socio–economic, and other locally relevant values."

Joint ICES/IUCN-CEM FEG workshop on testing OECM practices & strategies

OECM - Assessment of the area against CBD Criteria

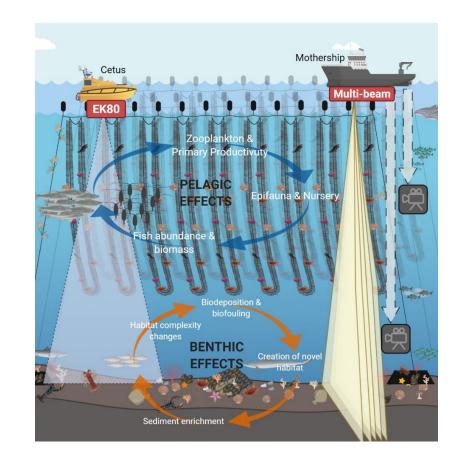
Criterion	Description	Mussel Farm	
A	Area is not recognized as a protected area	✓ Not an MPA	
В	Area is governed and managed	 Licence (MMO & The Crown State) Geographically defined space Contribute to restoration & conservation of biological diversity 	Zooplankton & Primary Productivity WIDER FARM
С	Achieves sustained & effective contribution to <i>in situ</i> conservation of biodiversity (Long-term in situ biodiversity conservation outcomes)	 Exclusion of destructive activities Allowing recovery Create habitat Restoration Increase in biodiversity Long-term monitoring 	FOOTPRINT FFRECTS Shufuning a Nursery Shufuning a Nursery Shufuning a Nursery Tides/Currents/Newser Ownstream Bifet Ownstream Ownstream Ownstream Ownstream Nale Shull debris Biodeposition Biodeposition Biodeposition Biodeposition Habitat complexity changes Sedment enrichment Nabitat Nabitat
D	Associated ecosystem functions and cultural, spiritual and socio economic values	 Potential climate change positive industry: increase water quality, carbon sequestration Spillover/commercially valuable species/ecosystem services Improving local/recreational fishing grounds - create jobs 	

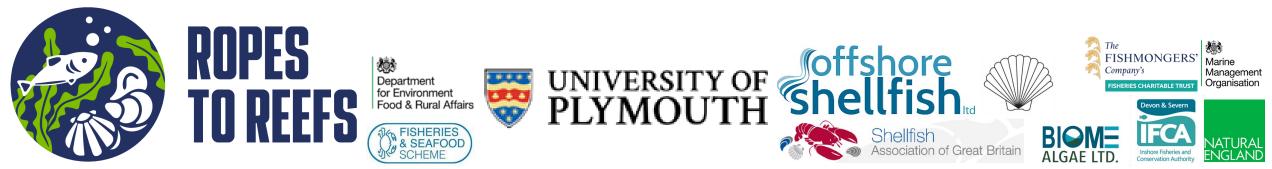
And what now...

Ropes to Reefs

UK Seafood Fund: Fisheries Industry Science Partnerships scheme (FISP)

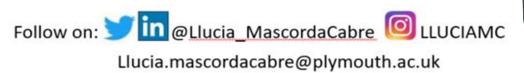
- A fisher, farmer, scientist collaboration to evidence fish stock and habitat benefits of Offshore Aquaculture to inform future management and policy.
- To assess the ecosystem services and benefits of offshore aquaculture, assess the restoration of essential fish habitat (EFH), biodiversity and associated healthy fish stocks (biomass) in Lyme Bay.
- Session 5. Frontier Thinking: Recognising Opportunity



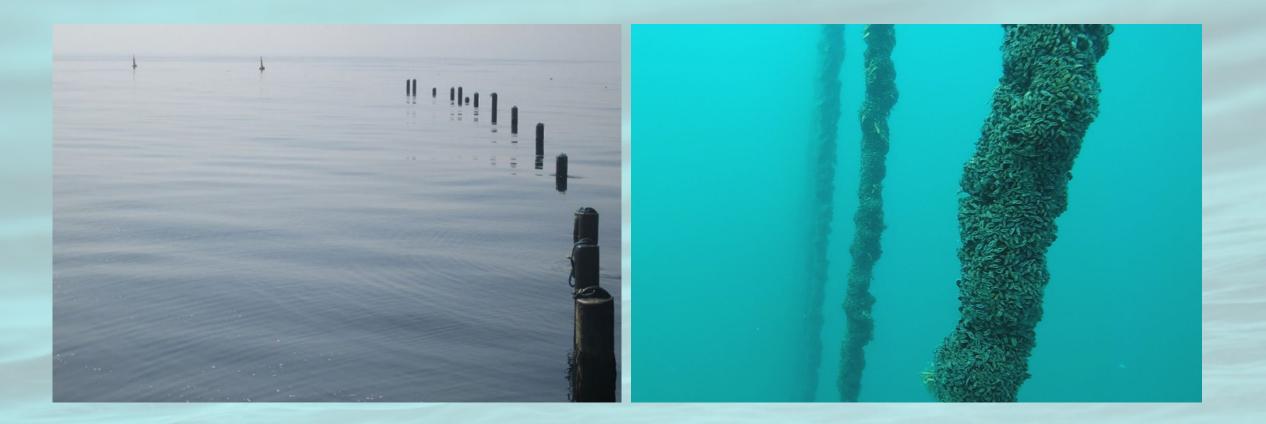


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- Team Sheehan (University of Plymouth) <u>https://sheehanresearchgroup.com/</u>
- My supervisors







Thank you

